

Neuberger Emerging Markets Debt Hard Currency ETF

Overall MORNINGSTAR MEDALIST RATING™ as of 03/31/26



Ticker: NEMD

www.nb.com/NEMD

EMD: A Versatile Addition to a Portfolio

- 1 Diversification**

Low correlation with other asset classes could result in diversification benefits

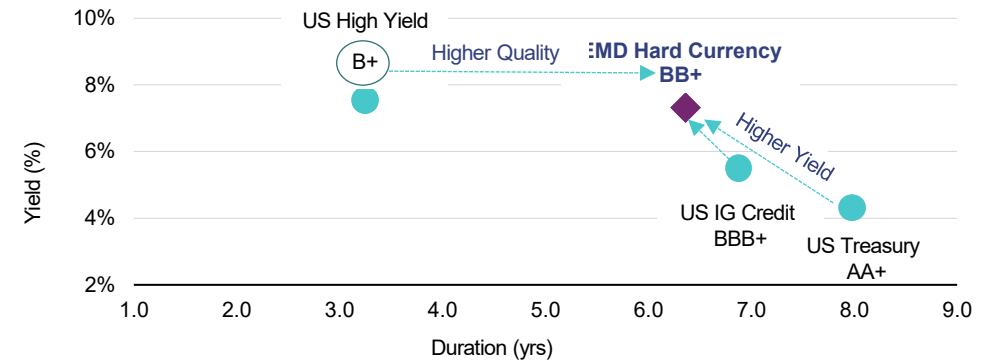
- 2 Yield**

Higher yield potential over developed markets bonds

- 3 Returns**

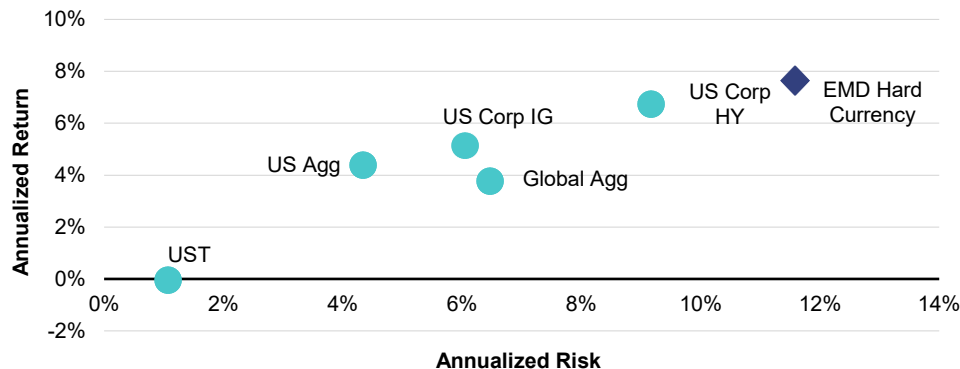
Under-researched market, capital constraints and home bias create alpha potential for USD-based total returns

EMD Hard Currency: Potential Yield and Avg. Quality Benefits Relative to US Fixed Income



Source: JP Morgan, Bloomberg. As of March 31, 2026. Chart includes average ratings for the following benchmarks: JPM EMBI Global Diversified (EMD Hard Currency), JPM U.S. Liquid Index ex-EM (US IG), JPM Domestic High Yield (US High Yield); GBI US (US Treasury).

EMD Hard Currency: A Compelling Risk/Return Profile vs. Major Asset Classes



As of January 1, 1994 – March 31, 2026. Source: Bloomberg, JP Morgan. JPM EMBI Global Diversified Index (EMD Hard Currency), Bloomberg US Agg Corporate Index (US IG), Bloomberg US Agg Total Return Value Unhedged USD Index (US Agg), Bloomberg Global Agg Total Return Index Unhedged (Global Agg), Unhedged Bloomberg US Corporate HY (US High Yield), Barclays US Agg Treasury Total Return Index Value Unhedged USD (US Treasury).

NEMD: Actively Managed ETF with Multiple Alpha Sources and Experienced Team

Multiple potential alpha sources including yield curve positioning, off-benchmark exposure to EUR-denominated EM Bonds, EM corporates, and countries falling between developed and emerging markets

Experienced, stable & well-resourced 37-person investment team with a global setup, with proprietary coverage of 90+ EM countries and 500+ EM corporate issuers

Hard currency approach with \$10B+ in strategy assets, offering access to EM Hard Currency debt with moderate portfolio turnover

As of March 31, 2026.

Neuberger Emerging Markets Debt Hard Currency ETF – Total Returns

AT NAV	AVERAGE ANNUALIZED								EXPENSE RATIOS ⁵	
	1 Month	3 Months	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Gross Expense	1 Month
NEMD – NAV	-3.69	-1.13	-1.13	12.47	8.98	2.86	3.63	2.80	0.85	0.60
NEMD – Market Price	-3.18	-0.36	-0.36	13.15	9.20	2.99	3.69	2.85	0.85	0.60
JPM EMBI Global Diversified Index	-3.27	-1.26	-1.26	10.38	9.45	2.47	3.75	4.18		
JP Morgan Emerging Market Blend Hard Currency / Local Currency 50-50 Index	-4.05	-1.48	-1.48	9.98	7.72	2.34	3.37	2.67		

Source: Morningstar, Neuberger.

1 Performance data quoted represent past performance, which is no guarantee of future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. For current performance data, including current to the most recent month-end, please visit www.nb.com/ETFs. Return information shown for less than one year is cumulative, not annualized. The **Market Price** is the official closing price as of the closing time of the NYSE Arca (typically 4 p.m., Eastern time). **Net Asset Value** is determined at the close of each business day, and represents the dollar value of one share of the Fund; it is calculated by taking the total assets of the fund, subtracting total liabilities, and dividing by the total number of shares outstanding. The NAV is not necessarily the same as the ETF's intraday trading value. ETF Investors should not expect to buy or sell shares at NAV.

* Prior to February 28th, 2026, the Fund included "Neuberger Berman" in place of "Neuberger" in its name. Prior to close of business on 8/8/2025, the ETF operated as an open-end mutual fund, Neuberger Emerging Markets Debt Fund (the "Predecessor Fund"). Although the Fund operates using a different principal investment strategy than the Predecessor Fund, both have the same investment objective, which is to seek high total return consisting of income and capital appreciation. The Predecessor Fund's inception date was 9/27/2013. The NAV returns include returns of the Institutional Class Shares of the Predecessor Fund prior to the ETF's commencement of operations. Prior to the ETF's listing on 8/11/2025, the NAV performance of the ETF and the Institutional Class Shares of the Predecessor Fund are used as proxy market price returns. Indexes are unmanaged and are not available for direct investment. Actual investment results will vary. As with any investment, there is the possibility of profit as well as the risk of loss.

2 Net expense ratio represents the total annual operating expenses that shareholders pay (after the effect of fee waivers). The Fund's investment manager has contractually undertaken to waive and/or reimburse certain fees and expenses of the Fund so that the total annual operating expenses (excluding interest, brokerage commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, taxes including any expenses relating to tax reclaims, dividend and interest expenses relating to short sales, and extraordinary expenses, if any) of the Fund are limited to 0.59% of average net assets. It is projected that there will be 0.01% of expenses outside of the expense cap for an expected total net expense ratio of 0.60%. This undertaking lasts until 10/31/2028. Absent such arrangement, which cannot be changed without Board approval, the returns may have been lower. Information as of most recent prospectus dated July 1, 2025, as amended and supplemented.

The **J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified Index** tracks the performance of U.S. dollar-denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasi-sovereign entities (Brady bonds, loans and Eurobonds), including emerging market countries from Asia, Europe, Latin America and the Middle East/Africa. The Global version of the index captures a broad, comprehensive universe of emerging market issues. The Diversified version of the index is market capitalization-weighted and limits the weights of those index countries with larger debt stocks by including only specified portions of those countries' eligible current face amounts of debt outstanding.

The **J.P. Morgan Emerging Markets Blended Hard Currency / Local Currency 50-50 Index** tracks the performance of a blend of US dollar emerging market (EM) sovereign and quasi-sovereign bonds (25% allocation), US dollar EM corporate bonds (25% allocation) and local currency denominated EM sovereign bonds (the remaining 50% of the allocation).

An investor should consider the Fund's investment objectives, risks and fees and expenses carefully before investing. This and other important information can be found in the Fund's prospectus, and if available summary prospectus, which you can obtain by calling 877.628.2583. Please read the prospectus, and if available the summary prospectus, carefully before making an investment.

IMPORTANT RISK INFORMATION

Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Performance data shown represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. Information is as of the end of the period indicated and is subject to change without notice. There can be no guarantee that the Portfolio Managers will be successful in their attempts to manage the risk exposure of the Fund or will appropriately evaluate or weigh the multiple factors involved in investment decisions, including issuer, market and/or instrument-specific analysis, valuation and financially material environmental, social and governance factors.

All ETF products are subject to risk, including possible loss of principal. Stock prices fluctuate, sometimes rapidly and dramatically, due to factors affecting individual companies, particular industries or sectors, or general market conditions, including adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, economic or other developments that may cause broad changes in market value, public perceptions concerning these developments, and adverse investor sentiment. An individual security may be more volatile, and may perform differently, than the market as a whole.

Unlike mutual funds, ETF shares are purchased and sold in secondary market transactions at negotiated market prices rather than at net asset value ("NAV") and

as such ETFs may trade at a premium or discount to their NAV. As a result, shareholders of the Fund may pay more than NAV when purchasing shares and receive less than NAV when selling Fund shares. ETF shares may only be redeemed at NAV by authorized participants in large creation units. There can be no guarantee that an active trading market for shares will develop or be maintained or that the Fund's shares will continue to be listed. The trading of shares may incur brokerage commissions. The Fund has a limited number of authorized participants. To the extent they exit the business or are otherwise unable to proceed in creation and redemption transactions with the Fund and no other authorized participant is able to step forward to create or redeem, shares of the Fund may be more likely to trade at a premium or discount to NAV and possibly face trading halts or delisting. Unexpected episodes of illiquidity, including due to market factors, instrument or issuer-specific factors and/or unanticipated outflows, could have a significant negative impact on the Fund's NAV, liquidity, and brokerage costs. To the extent the Fund's investments trade in markets that are closed when the Fund is open, premiums or discounts to NAV may develop in share prices.

Shares in the Fund may fluctuate, sometimes significantly, based on interest rates, market conditions, credit quality and other factors. Generally, bond values will decline as interest rates rise. Typically, the longer the maturity or duration of a debt security, the greater the effect a change in interest rates could have on the security's price. The market's behavior is unpredictable and there can be no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its goal. Lower rated debt securities (also known as "junk bonds") involve greater risks and may fluctuate more widely in price and yield, and carry a greater risk of default, than investment grade debt securities. They may fall in price during times when the economy is weak or is expected to become weak.

Foreign securities, including those issued by foreign governments, involve risks in addition to those associated with comparable U.S. securities. Additional risks include exposure to less developed or less efficient trading markets; social, political, diplomatic, or economic instability; trade barriers and other protectionist trade policies (including those of the U.S.); imposition of economic sanctions against a particular country or countries, organizations, companies, entities and/or individuals; significant government involvement in an economy and/or market structure; fluctuations in foreign currencies or currency redenomination; potential for default on sovereign debt; nationalization or expropriation of assets; settlement, custodial or other operational risks; higher transaction costs; confiscatory withholding or other taxes; and less stringent auditing, corporate disclosure, governance, and legal standards. These risks may be more pronounced for emerging market securities and frontier market securities, which involve additional risks and may be more volatile and less liquid than foreign securities tied to more developed economies. Frontier markets, which are foreign countries in the earliest stages of development, involve risks in addition to and greater than foreign and emerging markets. Frontier market securities are subject to extreme volatility and extended periods of illiquidity. In addition, the currencies of frontier market countries may exhibit erratic movements.

The Fund's performance could be affected if borrowers pay back principal on certain debt securities before or after the market anticipates such payments, shortening or lengthening their duration and could magnify the effect of the rate increase on such security's price.

Sovereign debt securities are subject to the risk that a governmental entity may delay or refuse to pay interest or repay principal on its sovereign debt, due, for example, to cash flow problems, insufficient foreign currency reserves, political considerations, the relative size of the governmental entity's debt position in relation to the economy, its policy toward international lenders or the failure to put in place economic reforms required by multilateral agencies. If a governmental entity defaults, it may ask for more time in which to pay or for further loans.

Non-U.S. currency forward contracts, options, swaps, or other derivatives contracts on non-U.S. currencies involve a risk of loss if currency exchange rates move against the Fund. Forward contracts are not guaranteed by an exchange or clearinghouse and a default by the counterparty may result in a loss to the Fund.

Leverage amplifies changes in the Fund's net asset value. Derivative instruments that the Fund uses can create leverage and can result in losses to the Fund that exceed the amount originally invested. Derivatives can be highly complex, can create investment leverage and may be highly volatile, and the Fund could lose more than the amount it invests. Derivatives may be difficult to value and may at times be highly illiquid, and the Fund may not be able to close out or sell a derivative position at a particular time or at an anticipated price. The Fund's investments in derivatives create counterparty risk.

An inability to sell a portfolio position can adversely affect the Fund's value or prevent the Fund from being able to take advantage of other investment opportunities. Unexpected episodes of illiquidity, including due to market or political factors, instrument or issuer-specific factors and/or unanticipated outflows, may limit the Fund's ability to pay redemption proceeds within the allowable time period. The Fund normally executes an above-average amount of fixed-income trading and has a high portfolio turnover rate, which may increase the Fund's transaction costs and may adversely affect the Fund's performance.

These and other risks are discussed in more detail in the Fund's prospectus. Please refer to the Fund's prospectus for a complete discussion of the Fund's principal risks.

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Vehicles are sorted by their expected performance into rating groups defined by their Morningstar Category and their active or passive status. When analysts directly cover a vehicle, they assign the three pillar ratings based on their qualitative assessment, subject to the oversight of the Analyst Rating Committee, and monitor and reevaluate them at least every 14 months. When the vehicles are covered either indirectly by analysts or by algorithm, the ratings are assigned monthly. For more detailed information about the Medalist Ratings, including their methodology, please go to <http://global.morningstar.com/managerdisclosures>.

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