

## Neuberger Berman Strategic Income Fund

NB.COM/STRATEGICINCOME

TICKER: Institutional Class: NSTLX, Class A: NSTAX, Class C: NSTCX, Class R6: NRSIX, Trust Class: NSTTX

## Fund Highlights

- Flexible fixed income fund designed for all markets. Seeks high income and total return without sacrificing the stability benefits of traditional fixed income
- Diversification and a dynamic approach to duration and sector allocations have benefitted the Fund's historical performance, particularly during challenging market environments
- Fund portfolio managers average 25+ years of experience, backed by 195+ member team in 10 global locations overseeing \$169 billion in fixed income assets

Portfolio Characteristics<sup>4</sup>

Portfolio Assets (\$bn)	\$2,697,518,624
Number of Holdings	1,706
Date of Last Income Distribution	March 31, 2023
Amount of Last Income Distribution	0.15
Frequency of Income Distribution	Monthly
Sharpe Ratio (3 Year)	0.09
Standard Deviation (3 Year)	8.92
Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	11.12
Average Effective Duration (Years)	3.76

Sector Breakdown (%)<sup>6</sup>

	Market Value	Duration Contribution**
US Government	0.54	-2.00
Linkers	6.12	0.46
Global Gov	0.53	-0.08
Municipal	1.20	0.14
Agency MBS	33.63	1.67
Securitized Credit	16.97	0.39
Emerging Market Debt	7.21	0.41
Non-Investment Grade Credit	31.25	1.02
Investment Grade Credit	19.99	1.74
Cash/Cash Equivalents <sup>†</sup>	3.35	0.00

\*\*Duration Contribution for a sector represents the percentage of portfolio assets allocated to that sector multiplied by the weighted average duration of that sector. Duration Contribution can be a useful tool in measuring the price sensitivity of each sector within the portfolio to changes in interest rates or credit spreads. Generally, the larger the duration contribution, the more sensitive the sector will be to a change in interest rates.

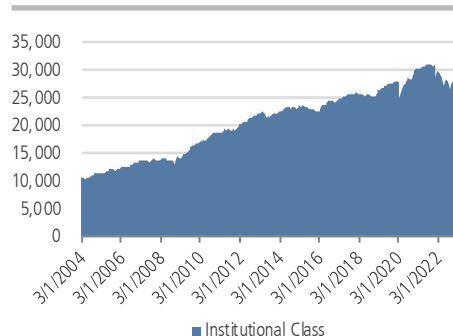
## Investment Performance

As of March 31, 2023\*

AT NAV	Quarter	YTD	AVERAGE ANNUALIZED					EXPENSE RATIOS <sup>3</sup>	
			1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	Since Inception	Gross Expense	Total (Net) Expense
Institutional Class <sup>1</sup>	3.83	3.83	-3.19	4.83	2.34	2.62	5.50	0.61	0.60
Class A <sup>1</sup>	3.73	3.73	-3.57	4.41	1.93	2.22	5.18	1.00	1.00
Class C <sup>1</sup>	3.55	3.55	-4.25	3.72	1.22	1.50	4.60	1.73	1.70
Class R6 <sup>1</sup>	3.85	3.85	-3.11	4.93	2.43	2.70	5.54	0.51	0.50
Trust Class <sup>1</sup>	3.74	3.74	-3.44	4.50	1.98	2.26	5.21	1.00	0.95
<b>WITH SALES CHARGE</b>									
Class A <sup>1</sup>	-0.69	-0.69	-7.68	2.90	1.04	1.77	4.95		
Class C <sup>1</sup>	2.55	2.55	-5.17	3.72	1.22	1.50	4.60		
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index <sup>2</sup>	2.96	2.96	-4.78	-2.77	0.91	1.36	3.11		

Performance data quoted represent past performance, which is no guarantee of future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original costs. Results are shown on a "total return" basis and include reinvestment of all dividends and capital gain distributions. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. For current performance data, including current to the most recent month end, please visit [www.nb.com/performance](http://www.nb.com/performance).

\*The inception dates for Neuberger Berman Strategic Income Fund Institutional Class and Trust Class are 7/11/03 and 4/2/07, respectively. The inception date for the Class A and C shares is 12/20/07. The inception date for Class R6 shares is March 15, 2013. Performance prior to the inception date of the Trust, Class A, Class C and Class R6 is that of the Institutional Class, adjusted to reflect applicable sales charges but not class-specific operating expenses. The date used to calculate benchmark performance is that of the Institutional Class. Average Annual Total Returns with sales charge reflect deduction of current maximum initial sales charge of 4.25% for Class A shares and applicable contingent deferred sales charges (CDSC) for Class C shares. The maximum CDSC for Class C shares is 1%, which is reduced to 0% after 1 year.

\$10,000 Hypothetical Investment<sup>5</sup>Credit Quality (%)<sup>6</sup>

AAA	45.35
AA	2.41
A	8.61
BBB	24.11
BB	19.05
B	11.96
CCC and Below	2.93
Not Rated	2.36
Cash/Cash Equivalents <sup>†</sup>	3.35

An investor should consider the Fund's investment objectives, risks and fees and expenses carefully before investing. This and other important information can be found in the Fund's prospectus, and if available summary prospectus, which you can obtain by calling 877.628.2583. Please read the prospectus, and if available the summary prospectus, carefully before making an investment.

## Annual Returns (%)

	Institutional Class	Benchmark
2022	-10.58	-13.01
2021	2.92	-1.54
2020	7.76	7.51
2019	10.52	8.72
2018	-2.35	0.01
2017	6.90	3.54
2016	6.46	2.65
2015	-1.89	0.55
2014	4.45	5.97
2013	0.78	-2.02
2012	12.03	4.21
2011	5.66	7.84
2010	11.00	6.54
2009	16.62	5.93
2008	4.04	5.24

30-Day SEC Yield (%)<sup>7</sup>

Institutional Class	6.59
Class A	6.21
Class C	5.47
Class R6	6.69
Trust Class	6.20

## Maturity Distribution (%)

Less than One Year	-14.72
One to Five Years	37.91
Five to Ten Years	52.65
Ten Years or Greater	24.17
Net Unsettled Positions***	0.00

\*\*\*Negative cash position on a trade date basis is due to pending settlement of certain forward mortgage-backed securities purchases. Net unsettled positions reflect the Fund's mortgage-backed to-be-announced (TBA) transactions and other trades pending settlement. Pending settlement means a transaction traded on or before the reporting date that is anticipated to settle in the following period. These net unsettled positions are also reflected in the percentages for the corresponding sector category above.

## Management Team

**THANOS BARDAS, PHD**  
25 Years of Industry Experience

**ASHOK BHATIA, CFA**  
30 Years of Industry Experience

**DAVID M. BROWN, CFA**  
32 Years of Industry Experience

**BRAD C. TANK**  
42 Years of Industry Experience

Unless otherwise stated, information (including holdings and portfolio characteristics) is as of the quarter end indicated in the document title and is subject to change without notice.

Shares in the Fund may fluctuate, sometimes significantly, based on interest rates, market condition, credit quality and other factors. In a rising interest rate environment, the value of an income fund is likely to fall. The market's behavior is unpredictable and there can be no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its goal. To the extent the Fund invests more heavily in particular sectors, its performance will be especially sensitive to developments that significantly affect those sectors. Lower rated debt securities (also known as "junk bonds") involve greater risks and may fluctuate more widely in price and yield, and carry a greater risk of default, than investment grade debt securities. They may fall in price during times when the economy is weak or is expected to become weak.

Foreign securities involve risks in addition to those associated with comparable U.S. securities, including exposure to less developed or less efficient trading markets; social, political or economic instability; fluctuations in foreign currencies; nationalization or expropriation of assets; settlement, custodial or other operational risks; and less stringent auditing and legal standards. These risks may be more pronounced for emerging market securities, which involve additional risks and may be more volatile and less liquid than foreign securities tied to more developed economies. The Fund's performance could be affected if borrowers pay back principal on certain debt securities, such as mortgage- or asset-backed securities, before or after the market anticipates, shortening or lengthening their duration and could magnify the effect of rate increases on the security's price. When-issued/delayed-delivery securities can have a leverage-like effect on the Fund, which may increase fluctuations in the Fund's share price and may cause the Fund to liquidate positions when it may not be advantageous to do so. Leverage amplifies changes in the Fund's net asset value. An inability to sell a portfolio position can adversely affect the Fund's value or prevent the Fund from being able to take advantage of other investment opportunities. Unexpected episodes of illiquidity, including due to market factors, instrument or issuer-specific factors and/or unanticipated outflows, may limit the Fund's ability to pay redemption proceeds within the allowable time period.

Derivatives can be highly complex, can create investment leverage and may be highly volatile, and the Fund could lose more than the amount it invests. Derivatives may be difficult to value and may at times be highly illiquid, and the Fund may not be able to close out or sell a derivative position at a particular time or at an anticipated price. The Fund's investments in derivatives create counterparty risk. The Fund may also invest in senior loans, which also may be rated below investment grade. No active trading market may exist for many loans, loans may be difficult to value and many are subject to restrictions on resale, which may result in extended trade settlement periods and may prevent the Fund from obtaining the full value of a loan when sold.

Markets may be volatile and values of individual securities and other investments, including those of a particular type, may decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, economic or other developments that may cause broad changes in market value, public perceptions concerning these developments, and adverse investor sentiment or publicity.

<sup>†</sup>Cash/Cash Equivalents does not reflect the forward foreign currency contracts and net unsettled positions (as described below) of -20.79% as of March 31, 2023, and consequently, aggregate sector allocations and credit quality may not add up to 100%. Negative cash position on a trade date basis is due to pending settlement of certain forward mortgage-backed securities purchases. Net unsettled positions reflect the Fund's mortgage-backed to-be-announced (TBA) transactions and other trades pending settlement. Pending settlement means a transaction traded on or before the reporting date that is anticipated to settle in the following period.

<sup>1</sup>The Fund's Investment Manager (the "Manager") currently absorbs certain expenses of the Fund. Absent such arrangement, which is subject to change, total returns would have been less. Because the Fund had a different goal and strategy, which included managing assets by an asset allocation committee, prior to February 28, 2008, its performance during that time might have been different if current policies had been in effect.

<sup>2</sup>The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is an unmanaged index that represents the U.S. domestic investment-grade bond market. It is comprised of the Bloomberg Government/Corporate Bond Index, Mortgage-Backed Securities Index, and Asset-Backed Securities Index, including securities that are of investment-grade quality or better, have at least one year to maturity, and have an outstanding par value of at least \$250 million. Please note that indices do not take into account any fees and expenses of investing in the individual securities that they track, and that individuals cannot invest directly in any index. Data about the performance of this index are prepared or obtained by the Manager and reflect the reinvestment of income dividends and other distributions, if any. The Fund may invest in many securities not included in the above-described index.

<sup>3</sup> For Class A, gross expense represents, and for Institutional Class, Class C, Class R6, and Trust Class, total (net) expense represents, the total annual operating expenses that shareholders pay (after the effect of fee waivers and/or expense reimbursement, if any). The Manager has contractually undertaken to waive and/or reimburse certain fees and expenses of the Fund so that the total annual operating expenses are capped (excluding interest, taxes, brokerage commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend and interest expenses relating to short sales, and extraordinary expenses, if any; consequently, total (net) expenses may exceed the contractual cap) through 10/31/2026 for Institutional Class at 0.59%, Class A at 0.99%, Class C at 1.69%, Trust Class at 0.94% and Class R6 at 0.49% (each as a % of average net assets). Absent such arrangements, which cannot be changed without Board approval, the returns may have been lower. Information as of the most recent prospectus dated February 28, 2023, as amended and supplemented.

<sup>4</sup>**Sharpe Ratio** (average 3-year shown) is a measure of risk-adjusted returns that can be used to compare the performance of managers. The ratio represents the return gained per unit of risk taken. Managers with the same excess return for a period but different levels of risk will have Sharpe ratios that reflect the difference in the level of risk. **Standard Deviation** (average 3-year shown) is a statistical measure of portfolio risk that describes the average deviation of portfolio returns from the mean portfolio return over a certain period of time to show how wide this range of returns typically is. The wider the typical range of returns, the higher the Standard Deviation, and the higher the portfolio risk. **Weighted Average Maturity** is expected average life to worst or in other words the par-weighted average time (in years) to principal repayment for securitized assets or the time (in years) to probable call/put for non-securitized assets. **Average Effective Duration** can be a useful tool in measuring the price sensitivity of the portfolio to changes in interest rates and measures the % change in price for a 100 bps of shift in interest rates. Unlike other measures of duration, average effective duration takes into account any optionalities (e.g. whether the instrument is callable at a certain price) embedded within each security in the portfolio. Generally, the larger the duration, the more sensitive the portfolio will be to a change in interest rates. Instruments with higher effective durations often carry more risk and have higher price volatility than those with lower durations.

<sup>5</sup>The hypothetical analysis assumes an initial investment of \$10,000 made on July 11, 2003, the inception date of the Fund's Institutional share class. This analysis assumes net of fees returns and reinvestment of all income dividends and other distributions, if any. The analysis does not reflect the effect of taxes that would be paid on Fund distributions. The analysis is based on past performance and does not indicate future results. Given the potential fluctuation of the Fund's Net Asset Value (NAV), the hypothetical market value may be less than the hypothetical initial investment at any point during the time period considered. The above analysis also does not compare the Fund's relative performance to the Fund's prospectus benchmark, the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index. Please see annualized performance table.

<sup>6</sup>Chart represents the ratings of the securities held by the Fund and does not imply any credit rating of the Fund itself. Credit-quality ratings are obtained from Barclays using ratings derived from Moody's, S&P, and Fitch. When calculating the credit quality breakdown, if a security is rated by each of these three rating agencies, then the middle rating will be used. If only two rating agencies rate a security, then the lower of the two ratings will be used. If only one rating agency rates a security, then that one rating will be used. Where none of the agencies rate a security, the security will be considered unrated. Portfolio holdings, underlying ratings of holdings and credit quality composition may change materially over time.

<sup>7</sup>A Fund's 30-day SEC yield is similar to a yield to maturity for the entire portfolio. The formula is designated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Absent any expense cap arrangement noted above, the SEC yields may have been lower. A negative 30-Day SEC yield results when a Fund's accrued expenses exceed its income for the relevant period. Please note, in such instances the 30-Day SEC yield may not equal the Fund's actual rate of income earned and distributed by the fund and therefore, a per share distribution may still be paid to shareholders. The unsubsidized 30-day SEC yields for Class A, Class C, Class R6, Institutional Class and Trust Class are 6.21%, 5.47%, 6.69%, 6.59%, 6.20%, respectively.

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